



# محاكاة خمسة طرائق لتقدير معلمة ودالة معولية التوزيع الأسي

/ / /

1-1 المقدمة

(2000) Fernandez (1997) Vincenl (1988) Sinha & Sloan  
(2004) (2002) (2002) (2000) Alfawzan

1-2 هدف البحث

MSE

$\theta$  " (MTTF)

Mean arrival rate  $\left( \lambda = \frac{1}{\theta} \right)$  (MAR)

:

$$f(t) = \lambda e^{-\lambda t}$$

$t \geq 0 ; \theta \geq 0$   $f(t) = \frac{1}{\theta} e^{-\left(\frac{t}{\theta}\right)}$  ... (1)

:

. hazard (1)

: exponential survival function (2)

$$S(t) = p_r(T > t)$$

$$S(t) = \int_t^{\infty} f(t) d(t) = e^{-\lambda t}$$
 ... (2)

:

cumulative distribution (3)

$$F(t) = p_r(T \leq t)$$

$$= \int_0^t f(u) du$$

$$= 1 - p_r(T > t)$$

$$= 1 - S(t) \quad (3) \quad \dots F(t) = 1 - e^{-\lambda t}$$

:

(4)

Mean Time to Death (MTTD)  $= \int_0^{\infty} S(t) dt$

$$= \int_0^{\infty} e^{-\lambda t} dt$$

$$= \frac{1}{\lambda}$$

$$V(T) = E(T^2) - (E(T))^2 \tag{5}$$

$$V(T) = \frac{2}{\lambda^2} - \frac{1}{\lambda^2}$$

$$V(T) = \frac{1}{\lambda^2}$$

:

(6)

$$p_r(T > t+h | T > t) = \frac{p_r(T > t+h, T > t)}{p_r(T > t)}$$

$$= \frac{p_r(T > t+h)}{p_r(T > t)}$$

$$= \frac{S(t+h)}{S(t)}$$

$$= \frac{e^{-\lambda(t+h)}}{e^{-\lambda t}}$$

$$= e^{-\lambda h}$$

$$= p_r(T > h)$$

(self reproducing)

(7)

**The smallest order statistics from an exponential distribution also, has an exponential distribution.**

$$F_{T_{(1)}}(t) = p_r(T_1 \leq t)$$

$$F_{T_{(1)}}(t) = 1 - p_r(T_1 > t)$$

$$p_r(T_{(1)} > t) = p_r[T_{(1)} > t, T_{(2)} > t, \dots, T_{(n)} > t]$$

$$= [S(t)]^n$$

$$F_{T_{(1)}}(t) = 1 - [S(t)]^n$$

$$= 1 - \left[ e^{-\left(\frac{t}{\theta}\right)} \right]^n$$

$$= 1 - e^{-\left(\frac{nt}{\theta}\right)}$$

$$f_{T_{(1)}}(t) = \frac{n}{\theta} e^{-\left(\frac{nt}{\theta}\right)} \quad ; t > 0$$

$$T_{(1)} \sim NE\left(\lambda = \frac{n}{\theta}\right)$$

((Two Parameters Exponential

$$f(t) = \frac{\lambda e^{-\lambda(t-t_0)}}{(t-t_0)^2} \quad (t \geq t_0)$$

$$f(t) = \frac{-\partial S(t)}{\partial t}$$

$$= \lambda e^{-\lambda(t-t_0)} \quad 0 < t_0 < t < \infty$$

o/w 0

$$S(t) = e^{-\lambda(t-t_0)}$$

$\lambda(t)$  Hazard function

$$\lambda(t) = \frac{f(t)}{S(t)}$$

$$= \frac{\lambda e^{-\lambda(t-t_0)}}{e^{-\lambda(t-t_0)}}$$

$$= \lambda$$

**MTTD**

$$\begin{aligned}
 MTTD &= \int_{t_o}^{\infty} \lambda t e^{-\lambda(t-t_o)} dt \\
 &= t_o + \frac{1}{\lambda}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\sigma^2 = \frac{1}{\lambda^2}$$

**hyper exponential**

$$f(t, k, \lambda) = 2k^2 e^{-2k\lambda t} + 2\lambda(1-k)^2 e^{-2(1-k)\lambda t} \quad \dots(4)$$

$0 < k < 0.5$

$$F(t) = 1 - ke^{-2k\lambda t} - (1-k)e^{-2(1-k)\lambda t} \quad \dots(5)$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 S(t) &= 1 - F(t) \\
 &= ke^{-2k\lambda t} + (1-k)e^{-2(1-k)\lambda t}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\lambda(t) = \frac{2\lambda(k^2 + (1-k)^2)e^{-2\lambda t(1-2k)}}{k + (1-k)e^{-2\lambda t(1-2k)}} \quad \dots(6)$$

:

$\lambda$   
 $k$

: (C.D.F)

:

$\lambda(t)$

4-1 بعض طرائق تقدير معلمة التوزيع الأسّي :

Maximum Likelihood Method (ML) : -1

(1920) R. A. Fisher

$$L(t, \theta) = \prod_{i=1}^n f(t_i, \theta) \quad \dots(7)$$

$$\ln L(t, \theta) = \sum_{i=1}^n \ln f(t_i, \theta)$$

$$f(t_i; \theta) = \frac{1}{\theta} e^{-\left(\frac{t}{\theta}\right)}$$

$$\ln L(t, \theta) = -n \ln \theta - \frac{\sum_{i=1}^n t_i}{\theta}$$

$$\frac{\partial \ln L(t, \theta)}{\partial \theta} = -\frac{n}{\theta} + \frac{\sum_{i=1}^n t_i}{\theta^2}$$

$$\hat{\theta} = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^n t_i}{n} = \bar{t}$$

$$E(\hat{\theta}_M) = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n \theta = \theta$$

$\theta$   $\hat{\theta}$

$$V(\hat{\theta}_M) = \text{Var}\left(\frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n t_i\right) = \frac{1}{n^2} \sum_{i=1}^n \text{Var}(t_i)$$

$$= \frac{1}{n^2} n \theta^2 = \frac{\theta^2}{n}$$

$\hat{\theta}$

...(8)

$$MSE(\hat{\theta}) = \text{Var}(\hat{\theta}) + [E(\hat{\theta}) - \theta]^2 = \frac{\theta^2}{n}$$

:

$$\hat{S}(t) = e^{-\left(\frac{t}{\hat{\theta}}\right)}$$

**Bayes Method : -2**  
Thomas Bayes

((Prior Distribution

**n**  $t_1, t_2, \dots, t_n$  .

$F(t, \theta)$   $f(t, \theta)$

: **T**

$$f(t, \theta) = \frac{1}{\theta} e^{-\left(\frac{t}{\theta}\right)}$$

:

$$n \quad (1)$$

$$f(t \setminus \theta) \quad \theta \quad f(t, \theta) \quad (2)$$

Jeffery  $g(\theta) \quad \theta$   $g(\theta)$   $\dots(9)$

$g(\theta) = constant \sqrt{I(\theta)}$   
Fisher  $I(\theta)$

$$I(\theta) = E \left[ - \frac{\partial^2 LnL(t, \theta)}{\partial \theta^2} \right] \quad \dots(10)$$

i)

$$I(\theta) = E \left[ \frac{\partial LnL(t, \theta)}{\partial \theta} \right]^2 \quad \dots(11)$$

ii)

$$I(\theta) = -nE \left[ \frac{\partial^2 Ln f(t, \theta)}{\partial \theta^2} \right] \quad \dots(12)$$

iii)

$$I(\theta) = nE \left[ \frac{\partial Ln f(t, \theta)}{\partial \theta} \right]^2 \quad \dots(13)$$

iv)

$$: \quad \theta \quad T \quad (3)$$

$$H(t_1, t_2, \dots, t_n, \theta) = \prod_{i=1}^n f(t_i \setminus \theta) g(\theta)$$

$$= L(t_1, t_2, \dots, t_n \setminus \theta) g(\theta)$$



$$p(t_1, t_2, \dots, t_n) \quad \mathbf{T} \quad (4)$$

$$p(t_1, t_2, \dots, t_n) = \int_0^\infty H(t_1, t_2, \dots, t_n, \theta) \quad (5)$$

$$h(\theta \setminus t_1, t_2, \dots, t_n) = \frac{H(t_1, t_2, \dots, t_n, \theta)}{p(t_1, t_2, \dots, t_n)} \quad \dots(14)$$

$$(\theta \setminus t) \quad (6)$$

$$E(\theta \setminus t_1, t_2, \dots, t_n) = \int_0^\infty \theta h(\theta \setminus t_1, t_2, \dots, t_n) d\theta$$

$$f(t, \theta) = \frac{1}{\theta} e^{-\left(\frac{t}{\theta}\right)}$$

"

$$Ln f(t, \theta) = -Ln \theta - \frac{t}{\theta}$$

$$\frac{\partial Ln f(t, \theta)}{\partial \theta} = -\frac{1}{\theta} + \frac{t}{\theta^2}$$

$$\frac{\partial^2 Ln f(t, \theta)}{\partial \theta^2} = \frac{1}{\theta^2} - \frac{2t}{\theta^3}$$

$$E\left(\frac{\partial^2 Ln f(t, \theta)}{\partial \theta^2}\right) = \frac{1}{\theta^2} - \frac{2E(t)}{\theta^3}$$

$$= \frac{1}{\theta^2} - \frac{2}{\theta^2}$$

$$= -\frac{1}{\theta^2}$$

$$\therefore I(\theta) = -nE \left[ \frac{\partial^2 \text{Ln}f(t, \theta)}{\partial \theta^2} \right]$$

$$= \frac{n}{\theta^2}$$

$$g(\theta) \propto \sqrt{I(\theta)}$$

$$g(\theta) \propto \frac{\sqrt{n}}{\theta}$$

$$\Rightarrow g(\theta) = k \frac{\sqrt{n}}{\theta}$$

$$L(t_1, t_2, \dots, t_n, \theta) = \prod_{i=1}^n f(t_i | \theta)$$

$$= \frac{1}{\theta^n} e^{-\left( \frac{\sum_{i=1}^n t_i}{\theta} \right)}$$

$\theta \quad T$

$$H(t_1, t_2, \dots, t_n, \theta) = \prod_{i=1}^n f(t_i | \theta) g(\theta)$$



$$L(\hat{\theta}, \theta) = c(\hat{\theta} - \theta)^2$$

$$S(\hat{\theta}, \theta) = E[L(\hat{\theta}, \theta)]$$

$$\dots(17) \hat{\theta}_{Bayes} = \frac{\left(\sum_{i=1}^n t_i\right)^n}{(n-1)!} \int_0^{\infty} \theta^{-n} e^{-\left(\frac{\sum t_i}{\theta}\right)} d\theta$$

$$\hat{\theta}_B = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^n t_i}{n-1}$$

$$E(\hat{\theta}_B) = \frac{n}{n-1}\theta$$

$$biase = E(\hat{\theta}_B) - \theta$$

$$= \frac{1}{n-1}\theta$$

$$Var(\hat{\theta}_B) = \frac{n}{(n-1)^2}\theta^2$$

$$\dots(18) MSE(\hat{\theta}_B) = \frac{n}{(n-1)^2}\theta^2 + \frac{1}{(n-1)^2}\theta^2$$

$$= \frac{n+1}{(n-1)^2}\theta^2$$

:

$$\hat{S}(t) = E(S(t) \setminus t) = \int_0^{\infty} e^{-\theta t} h(\theta \setminus t_1, t_2, \dots, t_n) d\theta$$

:

(16)

$$\begin{aligned} \hat{S}(t) &= \int_0^{\infty} e^{-\theta t} \left( \frac{1}{\theta^{n+1}} \right) \cdot \frac{\left( \sum_{i=1}^n t_i \right)^n}{(n-1)!} e^{-\frac{\sum_{i=1}^n t_i}{\theta}} d\theta \\ &= \frac{\left( \sum_{i=1}^n t_i \right)^n}{(n-1)!} \int_0^{\infty} \frac{1}{\theta^{n+1}} e^{-\frac{\left( \sum_{i=1}^n t_i + t \right)}{\theta}} d\theta \end{aligned}$$

:

$$y = \frac{\left( \sum_{i=1}^n t_i + t \right)}{\theta}$$

$$\theta = \frac{\left( \sum_{i=1}^n t_i + t \right)}{y} \Rightarrow d\theta = -\frac{\left( \sum_{i=1}^n t_i + t \right)}{y^2} dy$$

$$\hat{S}(t) = \frac{\left( \sum_{i=1}^n t_i \right)^n}{(n-1)!} \int_0^{\infty} \frac{1}{\left( \frac{\sum_{i=1}^n t_i + t}{y} \right)^{n+1}} e^{-y} \frac{-\left( \sum_{i=1}^n t_i + t \right)}{y^2} dy$$

$$= \frac{\left( \sum_{i=1}^n t_i \right)^n}{\left( \sum_{i=1}^n t_i + t \right)^n (n-1)!} \int_0^{\infty} y^{n-1} e^{-y} dy$$

$$\hat{S}(t_{Bayes}) = \left( \frac{\sum_{i=1}^n t_i}{\sum_{i=1}^n t_i + t} \right)^n$$

Mixture Method : -3

$$\hat{\theta}_{mix} = p \hat{\theta}_M + (1-p) \hat{\theta}_B \quad \dots(19)$$

$$\hat{\theta}_{mix} - \theta = [p \hat{\theta}_M + (1-p) \hat{\theta}_B] - \theta \quad \dots(20)$$

(19) (20)

$$E \left[ (\hat{\theta}_{mix} - \theta)^2 \right] = p^2 E(\hat{\theta}_M)^2 + 2p(1-p)E(\hat{\theta}_M)E(\hat{\theta}_B) + (1-p)^2 E(\hat{\theta}_B)^2 - 2pE(\hat{\theta}_M)E(\theta) - 2(1-p)E(\hat{\theta}_B)E(\theta) + E(\theta)^2 \quad \dots(21)$$

$$\frac{\partial E \left[ (\hat{\theta}_{mix} - \theta)^2 \right]}{\partial p} = 2pE(\hat{\theta}_M)^2 + (2 - 4p)E(\hat{\theta}_M)E(\hat{\theta}_B) - 2(1 - p)E(\hat{\theta}_B)^2 - 2E(\hat{\theta}_M)E(\theta) + 2E(\hat{\theta}_B)E(\theta) \quad \dots(22)$$

$$\therefore E(\theta) = \theta$$

(22)

$$pE(\hat{\theta}_M)^2 + E(\hat{\theta}_M)E(\hat{\theta}_B) - 2pE(\hat{\theta}_M)E(\hat{\theta}_B) - E(\hat{\theta}_B)^2 + pE(\hat{\theta}_B)^2 - \theta E(\hat{\theta}_M) + \theta E(\hat{\theta}_B) = 0$$

$$p = \frac{\theta E(\hat{\theta}_M) - \theta E(\hat{\theta}_B) - E(\hat{\theta}_M)E(\hat{\theta}_B) + E(\hat{\theta}_B)^2}{E(\hat{\theta}_M)^2 - 2E(\hat{\theta}_M)E(\hat{\theta}_B) + E(\hat{\theta}_B)^2}$$

$$\therefore E(\hat{\theta}_M) = \theta$$

$$E(\hat{\theta}_B) = \frac{n}{(n-1)}\theta$$

:

$$p = \frac{\theta^2 - \left(\frac{n}{(n-1)}\right)\theta^2 - \theta^2\left(\frac{n}{(n-1)}\right) + \left(\frac{n}{(n-1)^2}\right)\theta^2 + \left(\frac{1}{(n-1)^2}\right)\theta^2}{\left(\frac{\theta^2}{n} + 0\right) - 2\theta^2\left(\frac{n}{(n-1)}\right) + \left(\frac{n}{(n-1)^2}\right)\theta^2 + \left(\frac{1}{(n-1)^2}\right)\theta^2}$$

...(23)

$$p = \frac{\theta^2 - \left(\frac{2n}{(n-1)}\right)\theta^2 + \left(\frac{n+1}{(n-1)^2}\right)\theta^2}{\frac{\theta^2}{n} - \left(\frac{2n}{(n-1)}\right)\theta^2 + \left(\frac{n+1}{(n-1)^2}\right)\theta^2}$$

MSE

p

...(24)

$$p = \frac{2n + n^2 - n^3}{4n^2 - n + 1 - 2n^3}$$

$\hat{\theta}_{mix}$

n

:

...(25)

$$\hat{S}(t_{mix}) = e^{-\left(\frac{t}{\hat{\theta}_{mix}}\right)}$$

Cubic Bayes Method (CB) :

-4

$$L(\hat{\theta}, \theta) = C(\hat{\theta} - \theta)^3$$

(Risk)

$$\hat{S}(\hat{\theta}, \theta) = EL(\hat{\theta}, \theta)$$

...(26)

$$= \int_0^{\infty} C(\hat{\theta} - \theta)^3 h(\theta | t) d\theta$$

$$= C\hat{\theta}^3 \int_0^{\infty} h(\theta | t) d\theta - 3C\hat{\theta}^2 \int_0^{\infty} \theta h(\theta | t) d\theta + 3C\hat{\theta} \int_0^{\infty} \theta^2 h(\theta | t) d\theta - C \int_0^{\infty} \theta^3 h(\theta | t) d\theta$$

$$\hat{\theta} \quad \hat{S}(\hat{\theta}, \theta)$$

$$\frac{\partial S(\hat{\theta}, \theta)}{\partial \hat{\theta}} = 3C\hat{\theta}^2 - 6C\hat{\theta}E(\theta | t) + 3CE(\theta^2 | t) = 0$$

...(27)

$$\hat{\theta}^2 - 2\hat{\theta}E(\theta | t) + E(\theta^2 | t) = 0$$



$$E(\theta \mid t) \quad " \quad :$$

$$\begin{aligned} \dots(28) \quad E(\theta \mid t) &= \int_0^{\infty} \theta h(\theta \mid t) d\theta \\ &= \int_0^{\infty} \theta \left( \frac{l}{\theta^{n+1}} \right) \cdot \frac{\left( \sum_{i=1}^n t_i \right)^n}{(n-1)!} e^{-\frac{\sum_{i=1}^n t_i}{\theta}} d\theta \\ &= \frac{l}{(n-1)!} \int_0^{\infty} \left( \frac{\sum_{i=1}^n t_i}{\theta} \right)^n e^{-\frac{\sum_{i=1}^n t_i}{\theta}} d\theta \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} y &= \frac{\sum_{i=1}^n t_i}{\theta} \\ \theta &= \frac{\sum_{i=1}^n t_i}{y} \Rightarrow d\theta = -\frac{\sum_{i=1}^n t_i}{y^2} dy \end{aligned} \quad : \quad (28)$$

$$\begin{aligned} E(\theta \mid t) &= \frac{l}{(n-1)!} \int_0^{\infty} y^n e^{-y} \frac{-\sum_{i=1}^n t_i}{y^2} dy \\ &= \frac{-\sum_{i=1}^n t_i}{(n-1)!} \int_0^{\infty} y^{n-2} e^{-y} dy \\ &= \frac{-\sum_{i=1}^n t_i}{(n-1)!} \Gamma(n-1) \end{aligned}$$

$$= \frac{- \sum_{i=1}^n t_i}{(n-1)}$$

...(29)

$$E(\theta^2 | t)$$

$$E(\theta^2 | t) = \int_0^{\infty} \theta^2 h(\theta | t) d\theta$$

$$E(\theta^2 | t) = \int_0^{\infty} \theta^2 \left( \frac{l}{\theta^{n+l}} \right) \cdot \frac{\left( \sum_{i=1}^n t_i \right)^n}{(n-1)!} e^{-\frac{\sum_{i=1}^n t_i}{\theta}} d\theta$$

$$= \frac{l}{(n-1)!} \int_0^{\infty} \left( \frac{\sum_{i=1}^n t_i}{\theta} \right)^n e^{-\frac{\sum_{i=1}^n t_i}{\theta}} \theta d\theta$$

Let  $y = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^n t_i}{\theta}$

$$\theta = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^n t_i}{y} \Rightarrow d\theta = -\frac{\sum_{i=1}^n t_i}{y^2} dy$$

$$E(\theta^2 | t) = \frac{l}{(n-1)!} \int_0^{\infty} y^n e^{-y} \frac{\sum_{i=1}^n t_i}{y} \cdot \frac{-\sum_{i=1}^n t_i}{y^2} dy$$

$$E(\theta^2 | t) = \frac{- \left( \sum_{i=1}^n t_i \right)^2}{(n-1)!} \int_0^{\infty} y^{n-3} e^{-y} dy$$

$$= \frac{- \left( \sum_{i=1}^n t_i \right)^2}{(n-1)!} \Gamma(n-2)$$

$$= \frac{- \left( \sum_{i=1}^n t_i \right)^2}{(n-1)(n-2)}$$

...(30)

(27)  $E(\theta^2 \mid t) \quad E(\theta \mid t)$

$$\hat{\theta}^2 + 2\hat{\theta} \frac{\sum_{i=1}^n t_i}{(n-1)} - \frac{\left(\sum_{i=1}^n t_i\right)^2}{(n-1)(n-2)} = 0$$

:

$$a=1 \quad , \quad b=2 \cdot \frac{\sum_{i=1}^n t_i}{(n-1)} \quad , \quad c = \frac{-\left(\sum_{i=1}^n t_i\right)^2}{(n-1)(n-2)}$$

$$\hat{\theta}_{CB} = \frac{-2 \frac{\left(\sum_{i=1}^n t_i\right)}{(n-1)} \pm \sqrt{4 \frac{\left(\sum_{i=1}^n t_i\right)^2}{(n-1)^2} + 4 \frac{\left(\sum_{i=1}^n t_i\right)^2}{(n-1)(n-2)}}}{2}$$

$$\hat{\theta}_{CB} = \frac{-2 \frac{\left(\sum_{i=1}^n t_i\right)}{(n-1)} \pm 2 \sum_{i=1}^n t_i \sqrt{\frac{1}{(n-1)^2} + \frac{1}{(n-1)(n-2)}}}{2}$$

$$\hat{\theta}_{CB} = \sum_{i=1}^n t_i \left[ \frac{-1}{(n-1)} \pm \sqrt{\frac{1}{(n-1)^2} + \frac{1}{(n-1)(n-2)}} \right] \quad \dots(31)$$

**Proposed Method** : -5

:

$$L(\hat{\theta}, \theta) = C (\hat{\theta} - \theta)^4$$

:  $\theta$

$$S(\hat{\theta}, \theta) = \int_0^{\infty} C (\hat{\theta} - \theta)^4 h(\theta \mid t) d\theta$$

$$S(\hat{\theta}, \theta) = C\hat{\theta}^4 \int_0^{\infty} h(\theta \setminus t) d\theta - 4C\hat{\theta}^3 \int_0^{\infty} \theta h(\theta \setminus t) d\theta + 6C\hat{\theta}^2 \int_0^{\infty} \theta^2 h(\theta \setminus t) d\theta - 4C\hat{\theta} \int_0^{\infty} \theta^3 h(\theta \setminus t) d\theta + C \int_0^{\infty} \theta^4 h(\theta \setminus t) d\theta$$

$$\frac{\partial S(\hat{\theta}, \theta)}{\partial \hat{\theta}} = 4C\hat{\theta}^3 - 12C\hat{\theta}^2 E(\theta \setminus t) + 12C\hat{\theta} E(\theta^2 \setminus t) - 4CE(\theta^3 \setminus t) = 0$$

$$\hat{\theta}^3 - 3\hat{\theta}^2 E(\theta \setminus t) + 3\hat{\theta} E(\theta^2 \setminus t) - E(\theta^3 \setminus t) = 0 \quad \dots(32)$$

"

$$E(\theta \setminus t) = \frac{- \left( \sum_{i=1}^n t_i \right)}{(n-1)}$$

$$E(\theta^2 \setminus t) = \frac{- \left( \sum_{i=1}^n t_i \right)^2}{(n-1)(n-2)}$$

$$E(\theta^3 \setminus t) = \int_0^{\infty} \theta^3 h(\theta \setminus t) d\theta$$

$$= \int_0^{\infty} \theta^3 \left( \frac{1}{\theta^{n+1}} \right) \cdot \frac{\left( \sum_{i=1}^n t_i \right)^n}{(n-1)!} e^{-\frac{\sum_{i=1}^n t_i}{\theta}} d\theta$$

$$= \frac{1}{(n-1)!} \int_0^{\infty} \left( \frac{\sum_{i=1}^n t_i}{\theta} \right)^n e^{-\frac{\sum_{i=1}^n t_i}{\theta}} \theta^2 d\theta \quad \dots(33)$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 y &= \frac{\sum_{i=1}^n t_i}{\theta} \\
 \theta &= \frac{\sum_{i=1}^n t_i}{y} \Rightarrow d\theta = -\frac{\sum_{i=1}^n t_i}{y^2} dy \\
 E(\theta^3 | t) &= \frac{1}{(n-1)!} \int_0^{\infty} y^n e^{-y} \left( \frac{\sum_{i=1}^n t_i}{y} \right)^2 \left( -\frac{\sum_{i=1}^n t_i}{y^2} \right) dy \\
 &= \frac{-\left( \sum_{i=1}^n t_i \right)^3}{(n-1)!} \int_0^{\infty} y^{n-4} e^{-y} dy \\
 &= \frac{-\left( \sum_{i=1}^n t_i \right)^3}{(n-1)!} \Gamma(n-3) \\
 &= \frac{-\left( \sum_{i=1}^n t_i \right)^3}{(n-1)(n-2)(n-3)}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$(32) \quad E(\theta^3 | t) \quad E(\theta^2 | t) \quad E(\theta | t) \quad \dots(34)$$

$$\hat{\theta}^3 + 3\hat{\theta}^2 \frac{\sum_{i=1}^n t_i}{(n-1)} - 3\hat{\theta} \frac{\left( \sum_{i=1}^n t_i \right)^2}{(n-1)(n-2)} + \frac{\left( \sum_{i=1}^n t_i \right)^3}{(n-1)(n-2)(n-3)} = 0$$

. (Direct Search)  $\hat{\theta}$

$\theta$

:

(Visual Basic)

$$MSE(\hat{\theta}) = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^R (\theta_i - \theta)^2}{R}$$

$$MSE(\hat{S}) = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^R (S_i - S)^2}{R}$$

.100

Replication

:R

(n=10,25,50)

. ( $\theta = 0.3, 0.7, 1.1, 1.5$ )

### 6-1 الأستنتاجات

-1

:

(MSE)

-2

:

(IMSE)

(T<sub>i</sub>)

$$IMSE(\hat{S}) = \frac{1}{n_t} \sum_{i=1}^{n_t} MSE[\hat{S}(t_i)] \quad i = 1, 2, \dots, n_t$$

### 7-1 المصادر

- 1
- "
- " (2006)
- 2
- "
- " (2003)
- 
- "
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