

قياس وتحليل دالة الانتاج لقطاع النقل في الاقتصاد العراقي

الخلاصة

2007-1990

(-)

Summery

Transportation Sector classified as one of the services sectors which is without the production activities cannot be complete its rule. Is act as moving actions which operate at production and non production goals for the organization and individuals insides the country and with others, that is why this sector act as one of the main which is occupied an important status on the way the economic activities and on the level of the economic institutions the transportation work on transforming all the commodities and products from productions locations to consumption location then its effect the productivity process and create the location utility and on the level of economic it considered as one of the economic supportive structure and active factor on activation of other economic branches and for the reason of understanding the motive at this sector and the rule of the production process at mention the measurement and analyze the production function to recognize the production level which passed by and on the rule of the factors which effective the production process for this sector and the reason of giving more interests in this sector to achieve the quantitative and qualitative progress to serve the economic and social at Iraq development we dividel the research two parts:

The first part: theoretical frame

The second part: practical frame

The theoretical frame contains the theoretical part to introduce theoretical frame to the production function and to recognize the economical and social rule to transportation sector and the most important economic indicators to it and the practical frame presents a building multi liner model to estimate the production function (cop- doclas).

For the transportation sector at Iraq for the period 1990-2007, and it's clear that the, and shows that the results at this sector pass on stage of the diminishing return and the technical factor has a big effect on this function.



المقدمة

Static

فرضية البحث

"(1990-2007)"

هدف البحث

-1

-2

(1990-2007).

منهجية البحث

(-)

هيكلية البحث

-

(1)

(1) - د. محمود محمد داغر، علم الاقتصاد الجزئي، الطبعة الاولى، 2002، ص 187.



$$Q = f(L, K, R, V, Y, T) \quad (2)$$

$$\begin{matrix} & =R & & =K & & =L & & =Q \\ =T & & & & & =Y & & =V \end{matrix}$$

$$Q = f(L, K)$$

$$\partial K = K = 0 \quad (K)$$

$$Q = f(L)$$

(1)

()
:
-1
-2
-3

⁽²⁾-A. Koutsoyiannis, Modern Microeconomics, second Edition, 1979,P.69.



$$: \quad (L) \quad (Q)$$

$$Q = f(L)$$

$$\frac{dQ}{dL} > 0$$

$$\frac{d^2Q}{dL^2} < 0$$

(MP)

:

$$MP_L = \frac{\partial Q}{\partial L} = F_L$$

$$MP_K = \frac{\partial Q}{\partial K} = F_K$$

:

$$\Delta MP_L = \frac{\partial^2 Q}{\partial L^2} = F_{LL} < 0$$

$$\Delta MP_K = \frac{\partial^2 Q}{\partial K^2} = F_{KK} < 0$$

:

$$AP_L = \frac{Q}{L} = \frac{f(K, L)}{L}$$

$$Q = f(L, K)$$

$$AP = \frac{Q}{L}$$

$$\frac{dQ}{dL} = \frac{L \cdot \frac{dQ}{dL} - Q \cdot \frac{dL}{dL}}{L^2} = 0$$

$$\frac{L \cdot \frac{dQ}{dL} - Q}{L^2} = 0$$

$$\frac{L \cdot \frac{dQ}{dL}}{L^2} - \frac{Q}{L^2} = 0$$

$$\therefore \frac{dQ}{L} - \frac{Q}{L^2} = 0$$



(L)

$$\frac{dQ}{dL} - \frac{Q}{L} = 0$$

$$\frac{dQ}{dL} = \frac{Q}{L}$$

:

$$MP_L > AP_L$$

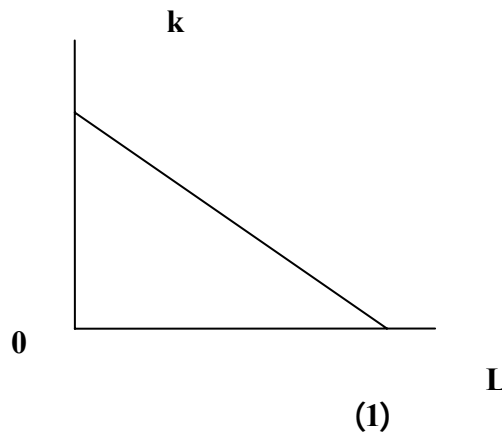
$$\frac{dQ}{dL} < \frac{Q}{L}$$

$$MP_L < AP_L$$

Linear Isoquant

-1

:(1)



Input-output put Isoquant

-2

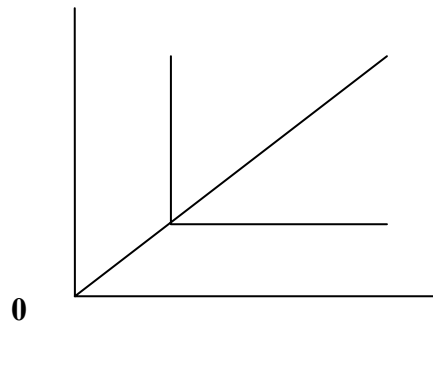
Leontief isoquant

k

(1) - انظر في ذلك:

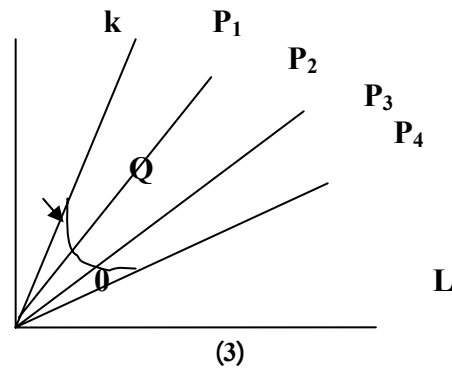
- A. Koutsoyiannis, op.cit, PP 68-69.

- Watter Nicholson, Microeconomic, theory Basic Principles and eExtensions, Eighth edition, 2002, PP280-281.



(2)
Kinked Isoquant

-3

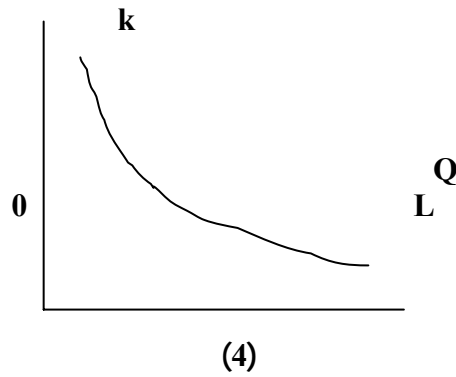


(3)

Q

Covex Isoquant

-4



(4)

C.cobb and P.H Douglass

-

-5

:(1)

$$\sum Q = B_a [B_1 L_1^{-\eta} + (1 - B_1) K_1]^{\frac{1}{\eta}}$$



:B_a
:B₁
:h

h

$$Q = B_a L_1^{B_1} \cdot K_1^{1-B_1}$$

$$B_1 + B_2 = 1 \quad 1 - B_1 = B_2 \quad (1)$$

$$Q = B_a L_1^{B_1} \cdot K_1^{B_2} \cdot u$$

u

:B_a
:B₁
:B₂

$$MP_L = \frac{\partial Q}{\partial L} = B_1 B_a L_1^{B_1-1} \cdot K_1^{B_2} \cdot u$$

$$\therefore MP_L = \frac{\partial Q}{\partial L} = \frac{B_1 B_a L_1^{B_1} \cdot K_1^{B_2} \cdot u}{L_1} = B_1 \frac{Q}{L_1}$$

$$\eta_L = \frac{\frac{\Delta Q}{Q}}{\frac{\Delta L_1}{L_1}} = \frac{\Delta Q}{\Delta L_1} \cdot \frac{L_1}{Q}$$

$$\frac{\Delta Q}{\Delta L_1} = \frac{\partial Q}{\partial L_1}$$

$$\eta_L = B_1 \frac{Q}{L_1} \cdot \frac{L_1}{Q} = B_1$$

$$MP_K = \frac{\partial Q}{\partial K_1} = B_2 B_a L_1^{B_1} \cdot K_1^{B_2-1} \cdot u$$

$$\therefore MP_K = \frac{B_2 B_a L_1^{B_1} \cdot K_1^{B_2} \cdot u}{K_1} = B_2 \frac{Q}{K_1}$$

$$\eta_K = \frac{\frac{\Delta Q}{Q}}{\frac{\Delta K_1}{K_1}} = \frac{\Delta Q}{\Delta K_1} \cdot \frac{K_1}{Q}$$



$$\frac{\Delta Q}{\Delta K_1} = \frac{\partial Q}{\partial K_1}$$

$$\eta_K = B_2 \frac{Q}{K_1} \cdot \frac{K_1}{Q} = B_2$$

:

$$\begin{aligned} \mathbf{B}_1 + \mathbf{B}_2 < 1 & \quad -1 \\ \mathbf{B}_1 + \mathbf{B}_2 = 1 & \quad -2 \\ \mathbf{B}_1 + \mathbf{B}_2 > 1 & \quad -3 \end{aligned}$$

:

$$Q = f(L, K, T)$$

:(1)

$$Q = B_a L_1^{B_1} \cdot K_1^{B_2} e^{ct} e^{ut}$$

(1)

$$eu^T = \frac{Nu^T}{Au^T}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & -eu^T : \\ & -Nu^T \\ & -Au^T \end{aligned}$$

$$eg^T = \frac{Nu^T \pm Nm^T}{Au^T \pm Am^T}$$

(1) - د. اموري هادي كاظم، باسم شليبية مسلم، مصدر سابق، ص 90.

(1) - Joachim Matthal, Hans- Ulrich Schutze, Der Au Benhandels trans port im Trans Port System, 1985, Heft 45, PP 6-8.



- eg^T :
- Nm^T
- Am^T



))
 ((⁽¹⁾
 : _____ -
 2007-1990
 - :
 : _____ -1
 -1990 (1)
 1991 (643.3) (2427.2) 2000 2002
 1991 (5.80) 1990 (3.93)
 2007-2003
 2003
 .2007 (2.44) 2003 (4.63)
 (1)

(2007-1990)

1988

Q/K (9)	K/L (8)	Q/L (7)	K/Q (6)	1/2 (5)	(4) K	(3) L	Q (2)	(1)	
29.45	0.04	1.39	0.13	3.93	39.71	84117	1169.32	29711.1	1990
22.61	0.03	0.80	0.19	5.8	28.45	79778	643.3	11087.2	1991
13.67	0.09	1.23	0.43	5.96	63.31	69874	865.2	14492.8	1992
440.75	1.79	1.42	0.01	4.42	1.87	60609	824.2	18633.7	1993
92.07	0.01	1.29	0.04	4.02	8.42	59754	775.3	19239.6	1994
0.45	33.20	14.85	9.45	4.23	1855	5587	829.9	19619.3	1995
0.74	2.46	1.82	6.04	4.48	1320	53631	978.6	21837.7	1996
2.96	0.94	2.8	1.88	5.56	497.3	52502	1472.2	26448.3	1997
0.59	5.84	3.43	0.79	4.69	2842.3	48666	1671.8	35618.5	1998
0.58	7.71	4.5	8.95	5.23	3752.7	48666	2192.2	41898.1	1999
0.20	24.45	4.94	2.82	5.71	12008.6	49102	2427.2	42506.4	2000
7.97	0.59	4.77	0.65	5.23	285.79	47695	2277.1	43492	2001
0.53	9.73	5.16	11	2.84	4457.82	45814	2368	40505.6	2002
0.44	8.41	3.73	10.45	4.63	2838.87	33723	1259.9	27160.7	2003
0.36	15.09	5.36	12.95	4.6	5415.33	35879	1924	41814	2004
0.31	14.56	4.55	13.68	4.27	5976.55	41024	1867.6	43661	2005
0.14	23.47	3.33	20.41	2.9	9818.75	41818	1395.8	48091.4	2006
0.11	25.10	2.83	21.62	2.44	10445.54	41601	1181.2	48306.6	2007

(4) (3) (2) (1) :

(9) (8) (7) (6) (5)

(1) - النقل البري العربي، المنعكسات الاستراتيجية في تطوير النقل العربي واهمية ذلك على القطاعات الاقتصادية والاجتماعية والسياسية، ص35.



:

		(1)		
1988		2002	(1)	1990
(4457.82)			2002	1993
			(1.87)	
	1994	(0.04)		
	2002	(11.0)		
2007			2007-2003	
2007	(21.62)			(10445.54)
-1990)				
2000		1993	(440.75)	(2002
			2007-2003	(0.20)
				2003
				-3

		(1)		
		(45814-84117)	2002-1990	
				2007-2003
-1990				
	2007 -2003		/ (9.73 -0.03)	2002
			/	(25.10 -8.41)
1995	/ (14.85)		(2002 -1990)	
	2007-2003	/ (0.80)	1991	



(-)

.2007-1990

-1

(Multiple

(Multiple Linear Model)

Regression)

(1)

 $(X_2, X_3, X_4, \dots, X_k)$

:

$$Y_i = f(X_2, X_3, X_4, \dots, X_k) \quad (1)$$

Assumptions of The

(K-1) (Y_i)

Model

(Disturbance of (U_i

(Explanatory Variables)

:

Error Term)

$$Y_i = B_1 + B_2 X_2 + B_3 X_3 + B_4 X_4 + \dots + B_k X_k + U_i \quad (2)$$

: (2)

$$Y_i = \sum_{j=1}^k B_j X_{ji} + U_i \quad (3)$$

:

.(j=1,2,3,4,--,k)

:(j)

.(i=1,2,3,4,---n)

:(i)

(X_{ji})

(k-1)

.(i)

(X_{1i}=1)

(Assumptions of Estimation)

:

(Expected

(U_i)

-1

:

Value)

$$E(U_i) = 0$$

(U_i)

-2

:

(Homo Scedasticity)

$$E(UU') = \sigma_u^2 In$$

Constant

Variance

and

Zero Covariance

()

(1) - وليد اسماعيل السيفو، واحمد محمد مشعل، 2003، الاقتصاد القياسي التحليلي بين النظرية والتطبيق، الاردن/عمان، دار مجدلوي للنشر، ص191.

(2) - Gujarati N.Damodar, 1995, basic Econometrics, third Edition, United states Military Academy, West Point, PP 191-197.



(B,S) [X]
 (No- Multicollinearity)

$$Cov(X_i, X_j) = E(X_i, X_j) = 0$$

$$(i, j = 1, 2, 3, \dots, n) \quad i \neq j$$

:2007-1990 -2

2007-1990

$$\begin{pmatrix} - \\ - \end{pmatrix}$$

:2007-1990 -

$$: \text{-----} -1$$

$$Q_t = B_0 L_t^{B_1} \cdot K_t^{B_2} \text{----- (1)}$$

(Q_t) (K_t) (L_t)

$$Ln Q_t = Ln B_0 + B_1 Ln L_t + B_2 Ln K_t + U_t \text{----- (2)}$$

.(2)

(2)

(2007-1990)

Ln Q	Ln L	Ln K	
3.07	4.92	3.68	1990
2.81	4.90	3.35	1991
2.94	4.84	4.15	1992
2.92	4.78	0.63	1993
2.89	4.78	2.13	1994
2.92	4.75	7.53	1995
2.99	4.73	7.19	1996
3.17	4.72	6.21	1997
3.22	4.69	7.95	1998
3.34	4.69	8.23	1999
3.39	4.69	9.39	2000
3.36	4.68	5.66	2001
3.37	4.66	8.40	2002
3.10	4.53	7.95	2003
3.28	4.55	8.60	2004
3.27	4.61	8.70	2005
3.14	4.62	9.19	2006
3.07	4.62	9.25	2007

.(1)

:



(SPSS) (Best Linear Unbiased Estimator) (Q_t^{\wedge}) (Q_t)

2007-1990

(t)

(D)

2003

:

-

:(3)

:(3)

Model	Unstandardized Coefficients		t	R=0.68 R.Square=0.46 R ² =0.38 F= 6.3 Std.Error of the Estimatte = 0.1463
	B	Std. Error		
Constant	4.642	2.40	1.935	
Ln L	-0.371	0.489	-0.758	
Ln K	0.0347	0.020	1.758	

(3)

2007-1990

$$\ln Q = 4.642 - 0.371 \ln L + 0.0347 \ln K$$

(6.3)

F

(0.68)

(R)

(15)

(2)

(0.05)

$$F_{(0.05,2,15)}=3.68$$

(0.46)

(R²)

2003

:(4)

(*)



:(4)

2003

Model	Unstandardized Coefficients		t	R=0.82 R.Square=0.67 R ² =0.56 F= 6.43
	B	Std. Error		
Constant	3.139	3.43	0.915	Std.Error of the Estimatce = 0.1236
Ln L	-0.138	0.701	-0.196	
Ln K	0.1544	0.19	0.796	D.W=1.030
T	0.327	0.18	1.816	
D	0.30	0.108	2.790	

(4)

: 2007-1990

$$\ln Q = 3.139 - 0.138 \ln L + 0.154 \ln K + 0.327T + 0.30D$$

(R²)

2003

(0.69)

(3.139)

2003

()

(F)

(F_(0.05,4,12)=3.18)

(6.427)

(0.146)

(S.E.E)

(0.124)

(t)

(4)

(2.79 1.82)

(2003

)

(0.05)

(t_(0.05,12)=1.78)

2003

(*)

(-)

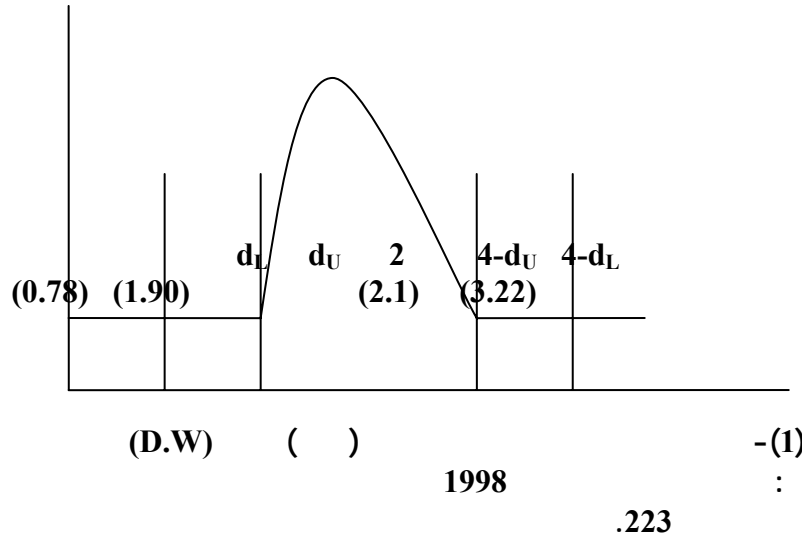
_ (*)

(Back Ward)

(1)



(D.W) ()
 (0.05)
 (d_U) (0.78) (d_L) (1.030)
 (1) (n=17 , K=4) (1.9)
 (1)



2007-1990

(B₁+B₂=0.0164)
 %100
 .(0.016)

:2007-1990

(2007-2003) 2003 (2002-1990) (B₁+B₂)
 (1)

(5)

$$\frac{\Delta Q}{Q} = \frac{\Delta B_0}{B_0} + B_1 \frac{\Delta L}{L} + B_2 \frac{\Delta K}{K}$$



$$\begin{aligned} &: \\ &: \frac{\Delta Q}{Q} \\ &: (*) \frac{\Delta B_0}{B_0} \\ &: B_1 \frac{\Delta L}{L} \\ &: B_2 \frac{\Delta K}{K} \end{aligned}$$

:(5)

(2007-1990)

$\frac{\Delta B_0}{B_0} \%$	$B_2 \frac{\Delta K}{K} \%$	$B_1 \frac{\Delta L}{L} \%$	$\frac{\Delta Q}{Q} \%$	
16.46	-0.07	-15.36	1.03	2002-1990
0.26	0.04	-0.37	-0.07	2007-2003

(2007-1990)

(5)

(0.48)

(16.46)

(2007-2003)

(0.26) (2002-1990)

.(2007-1990)

$$\frac{\Delta B_0}{B_0} = \frac{\Delta Q}{Q} - B_1 \frac{\Delta L}{L} - B_2 \frac{\Delta K}{K} \quad (*) \text{ - تم الحصول على معدل نمو التكنولوجيا والعوامل الأخرى من خلال الآتي:}$$



				-
				-1
		()		-2
				-3
				-4
				:-
-	-			-(1)
				.2002
	.2002			-(2)
		1998		-(3)
				-(4)
		.1991		-(5)
	2003		/	-(6)
	.337	1986		-(7)

(8) A. Koutsoyiannis, Modern, Microeconomics second Edition, 1979,P.69.

(9)- Joachim Matthal, 1985, Hans- Ulrich Schutze, Der Au Benhandels Port trans port im Trans System, Heft 45

(10)- Gujarati N.Damodar, 1995, basic Econometrics, third West Point Edition,United states Military Academy,

(11)Gregorre N. Man K,W, 2003, Macroeconomie, deboeck, Bnuelles,

(12)-Watter Nicholson, Microeconomic, theory Basic Principles and Extensions, Eighth edition, 2002, PP280-281.



(1)

Variables Entered/Removed^b

Model	Variables Entered	Variables Removed	Method
1	D, LOGK, ^a LOGL, T	.	Enter
2	.	LOGL	Backward (criterion: Probability of F-to-remove >= .100).
3	.	LOGK	Backward (criterion: Probability of F-to-remove >= .100).

a. All requested variables entered.

b. Dependent Variable: LOGY

Excluded Variables^c

Model	Beta In	t	Sig.	Partial Correlation	Collinearity Statistics	
					Tolerance	
2	LOGL	-.080 ^a	-.196	.847	-.054	.155
3	LOGL	-.092 ^b	-.229	.822	-.061	.155
	LOGK	.224 ^b	.833	.419	.217	.332

a. Predictors in the Model: (Constant), D, LOGK, T

b. Predictors in the Model: (Constant), D, T

c. Dependent Variable: LOGY

Model Summary

Model	R	R Square	Adjusted R Square	Std. Error of the Estimate
1	.815 ^a	.664	.561	.1236
2	.814 ^b	.663	.591	.1192
3	.804 ^c	.646	.599	.1180

a. Predictors: (Constant), D, LOGK, LOGL, T

b. Predictors: (Constant), D, LOGK, T

c. Predictors: (Constant), D, T

ANOVA^d

Model		Sum of Squares	df	Mean Square	F	Sig.
1	Regression	.392	4	9.811E-02	6.427	.004 ^a
	Residual	.198	13	1.526E-02		
	Total	.591	17			
2	Regression	.392	3	.131	9.187	.001 ^b
	Residual	.199	14	1.422E-02		
	Total	.591	17			
3	Regression	.382	2	.191	13.714	.000 ^c
	Residual	.209	15	1.393E-02		
	Total	.591	17			

a. Predictors: (Constant), D, LOGK, LOGL, T

b. Predictors: (Constant), D, LOGK, T

c. Predictors: (Constant), D, T

d. Dependent Variable: LOGY

Coefficients^a

Model		Unstandardized Coefficients		Standardized Coefficients	t	Sig.
		B	Std. Error	Beta		
1	(Constant)	3.139	3.430		.915	.377
	LOGL	-.138	.701	-.080	-.196	.847
	LOGK	1.544E-02	.019	.222	.796	.440
	T	3.324E-02	.018	.952	1.816	.093
	D	.300	.108	.742	2.790	.015
2	(Constant)	2.467	.148		16.655	.000
	LOGK	1.558E-02	.019	.224	.833	.419
	T	3.571E-02	.013	1.023	2.791	.014
	D	.300	.104	.741	2.887	.012
3	(Constant)	2.477	.146		16.951	.000
	T	4.360E-02	.009	1.248	5.119	.000
	D	.324	.099	.800	3.282	.005

a. Dependent Variable: LOGY